

2017 Winter Leadership Conference

Rule 3015 Discovered

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Agenda E-19 (Appendix B) Rules March 2017

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE*

1 2 3 4 5 6	Rule 2002. Notices to Creditors, Equity Security Holders, Administrators in Foreign Proceedings, Persons Against Whon Provisional Relief is Sought in Ancillary and Other Cross-Border Cases, United States, and United States Trustee
7	(a) TWENTY-ONE-DAY NOTICES TO PARTIES
8	IN INTEREST. Except as provided in subdivisions (h), (i)
9	(l), (p), and (q) of this rule, the clerk, or some other person
10	as the court may direct, shall give the debtor, the trustee, al
11	creditors and indenture trustees at least 21 days' notice by
12	mail of:
13	****
14	(7) the time fixed for filing proofs of claims
15	pursuant to Rule 3003(c);-and

^{*} New material is underlined; matter to be omitted is lined through.

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16	(8) the time fixed for filing objections and the
17	hearing to consider confirmation of a chapter 12 plan;
18	and
19	(9) the time fixed for filing objections to
20	confirmation of a chapter 13 plan.
21	(b) TWENTY-EIGHT-DAY NOTICES TO
22	PARTIES IN INTEREST. Except as provided in
23	subdivision (1) of this rule, the clerk, or some other person
24	as the court may direct, shall give the debtor, the trustee, all
25	creditors and indenture trustees not less than 28 days'
26	notice by mail of the time fixed (1) for filing objections and
27	the hearing to consider approval of a disclosure statement
28	or, under § 1125(f), to make a final determination whether
29	the plan provides adequate information so that a separate
30	disclosure statement is not necessary;-and (2) for filing
31	objections and the hearing to consider confirmation of a

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- 32 chapter 9, or chapter 11, or chapter 13 plan; and (3) for the
- 33 hearing to consider confirmation of a chapter 13 plan.

34 ****

Committee Note

Subdivisions (a) and (b) are amended and reorganized to alter the provisions governing notice under this rule in chapter 13 cases. Subdivision (a)(9) is added to require at least 21 days' notice of the time for filing objections to confirmation of a chapter 13 plan. Subdivision (b)(3) is added to provide separately for 28 days' notice of the date of the confirmation hearing in a chapter 13 case. These amendments conform to amended Rule 3015, which governs the time for presenting objections to confirmation of a chapter 13 plan. Other changes are stylistic.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

None.

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- 1 Rule 3002. Filing Proof of Claim or Interest
- 2 (a) NECESSITY FOR FILING. An A secured
- 3 <u>creditor</u>, unsecured creditor, or an equity security holder
- 4 must file a proof of claim or interest for the claim or
- 5 interest to be allowed, except as provided in Rules 1019(3),
- 6 3003, 3004, and 3005. A lien that secures a claim against
- 7 the debtor is not void due only to the failure of any entity to
- 8 file a proof of claim.
- 9 (b) PLACE OF FILING. A proof of claim or
- 10 interest shall be filed in accordance with Rule 5005.
- 11 (c) TIME FOR FILING. In a voluntary chapter 7
- 12 liquidationcase, chapter 12 family farmer's debt
- 13 adjustmentcase, or chapter 13 individual's debt
- 14 adjustment case, a proof of claim is timely filed if it is filed
- 15 not later than 9070 days after the order for relief under that
- 16 chapter or the date of the order of conversion to a case
- 17 <u>under chapter 12 or chapter 13. In an involuntary chapter 7</u>

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18	case, a proof of claim is timely filed if it is filed not later
19	than 90 days after the order for relief under that chapter is
20	entered the first date set for the meeting of creditors called
21	under § 341(a) of the Code, except as follows: But in all
22	these cases, the following exceptions apply:
23	****
24	(6) If notice of the time to file a proof of claim
25	has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, oOn
26	motion filed by $\underline{\text{the}}\underline{a}$ creditor before or after the
27	expiration of the time to file a proof of claim, the
28	court may extend the time by not more than 60 days
29	from the date of the order granting the motion. The
30	motion may be granted if the court finds that-the
31	notice was insufficient under the circumstances to
32	give the creditor a reasonable time to file a proof of

33

claim.:

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34	(A) the notice was insufficient under the
35	circumstances to give the creditor a reasonable
36	time to file a proof of claim because the debtor
37	failed to timely file the list of creditors' names
38	and addresses required by Rule 1007(a); or
39	(B) the notice was insufficient under the
40	circumstances to give the creditor a reasonable
41	time to file a proof of claim, and the notice was
42	mailed to the creditor at a foreign address.
43	(7) A proof of claim filed by the holder of a
44	claim that is secured by a security interest in the
45	debtor's principal residence is timely filed if:
46	(A) the proof of claim, together with the
47	attachments required by Rule 3001(c)(2)(C), is
48	filed not later than 70 days after the order for
40	relief is entered and

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50	(B) any attachments required by
51	Rule 3001(c)(1) and (d) are filed as a supplement
52	to the holder's claim not later than 120 days after
53	the order for relief is entered.

Committee Note

Subdivision (a) is amended to clarify that a creditor, including a secured creditor, must file a proof of claim in order to have an allowed claim. The amendment also clarifies, in accordance with § 506(d), that the failure of a secured creditor to file a proof of claim does not render the creditor's lien void. The inclusion of language from § 506(d) is not intended to effect any change of law with respect to claims subject to setoff under § 553. The amendment preserves the existing exceptions to this rule under Rules 1019(3), 3003, 3004, and 3005. Under Rule 1019(3), a creditor does not need to file another proof of claim after conversion of a case to chapter 7. Rule 3003 governs the filing of a proof of claim in chapter 9 and chapter 11 cases. Rules 3004 and 3005 govern the filing of a proof of claim by the debtor, trustee, or another entity if a creditor does not do so in a timely manner.

Subdivision (c) is amended to alter the calculation of the bar date for proofs of claim in chapter 7, chapter 12, and chapter 13 cases. The amendment changes the time for filing a proof of claim in a voluntary chapter 7 case, a chapter 12 case, or a chapter 13 case from 90 days after the § 341 meeting of creditors to 70 days after the petition date.

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If a case is converted to chapter 12 or chapter 13, the 70-day time for filing runs from the order of conversion. If a case is converted to chapter 7, Rule 1019(2) provides that a new time period for filing a claim commences under Rule 3002. In an involuntary chapter 7 case, a 90-day time for filing applies and runs from the entry of the order for relief.

Subdivision (c)(6) is amended to expand the exception to the bar date for cases in which a creditor received insufficient notice of the time to file a proof of claim. The amendment provides that the court may extend the time to file a proof of claim if the debtor fails to file a timely list of names and addresses of creditors as required by Rule 1007(a). The amendment also clarifies that if a court grants a creditor's motion under this rule to extend the time to file a proof of claim, the extension runs from the date of the court's decision on the motion.

Subdivision (c)(7) is added to provide a two-stage deadline for filing mortgage proofs of claim secured by an interest in the debtor's principal residence. Those proofs of claim must be filed with the appropriate Official Form mortgage attachment within 60 days of the order for relief. The claim will be timely if any additional documents evidencing the claim, as required by Rule 3001(c)(1) and (d), are filed within 120 days of the order for relief. The order for relief is the commencement of the case upon filing a petition, except in an involuntary case. See § 301 and § 303(h). The confirmation of a plan within the 120-day period set forth in subdivision (c)(7)(B) does not prohibit an objection to any proof of claim.

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Changes Made After Publication and Comment

- The deadline in subsection (c) for filing a proof of claim in a voluntary chapter 7, 12, or 13 case was changed from 60 days to 70 days.
- The phrase "under that chapter" was added after "order for relief" in two places in subdivision (c).
- The Committee Note was changed accordingly.

10 FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

1 Rule 3007. Objections to Claims

2	(a) OBJECTIONS TO CLAIMS TIME AND
3	MANNER OF SERVICE.
4	(1) Time of Service. An objection to the
5	allowance of a claim and a notice of objection that
6	substantially conforms to the appropriate Official
7	Form shall be in writing and filed and served at least
8	30 days before any scheduled hearing on the objection
9	or any deadline for the claimant to request a hearing.
10	A copy of the objection with notice of the hearing
11	thereon shall be mailed or otherwise delivered to the
12	elaimant, the debtor or debtor in possession, and the
13	trustee at least 30 days prior to the hearing.
14	(2) Manner of Service.
15	(A) The objection and notice shall be
16	served on a claimant by first-class mail to the
17	person most recently designated on the

FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE 11 18 claimant's original or amended proof of claim as 19 the person to receive notices, at the address so 20 indicated; and 21 (i) if the objection is to a claim of 22 the United States, or any of its officers or 23 agencies, in the manner provided for 24 service of a summons and complaint by 25 Rule 7004(b)(4) or (5); or 26 (ii) if the objection is to a claim of an 27 insured depository institution, in the 28 manner provided by Rule 7004(h). 29 (B) Service of the objection and notice 30 shall also be made by first-class mail or other 31 permitted means on the debtor or debtor in 32 possession, the trustee, and, if applicable, the 33 entity filing the proof of claim under Rule 3005.

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Committee Note

Subdivision (a) is amended to specify the manner in which an objection to a claim and notice of the objection must be served. It clarifies that Rule 7004 does not apply to the service of most claim objections. Instead, a claimant must be served by first-class mail addressed to the person whom the claimant most recently designated on its proof of claim to receive notices, at the address so indicated. If, however, the claimant is the United States, an officer or agency of the United States, or an insured depository institution, service must also be made according to the method prescribed by the appropriate provision of Rule 7004. The service methods for the depository institutions are statutorily mandated, and the size and dispersal of the decision-making and litigation authority of the federal government necessitate service on the appropriate United States attorney's office and the Attorney General, as well as the person designated on the proof of

As amended, subdivision (a) no longer requires that a hearing be scheduled or held on every objection. The rule requires the objecting party to provide notice and an opportunity for a hearing on the objection, but, by deleting from the subdivision references to "the hearing," it permits local practices that require a claimant to timely request a hearing or file a response in order to obtain a hearing. The official notice form served with a copy of the objection will inform the claimant of any actions it must take. However, while a local rule may require the claimant to respond to the objection to a proof of claim, the court will still need to

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determine if the claim is valid, even if the claimant does not file a response to a claim objection or request a hearing.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

- Subdivision (a) was divided into two paragraphs that separately address time of service and manner of service
- A requirement of service on an entity that files a proof of claim under Rule 3005 was added to subdivision (a)(2)(B).

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1 2	Rule 3012. Valuation of Security Determining the Amount of Secured and Priority Claims
3	The court may determine the value of a claim secured
4	by a lien on property in which the estate has an interest on
5	motion of any party in interest and after a hearing on notice
6	to the holder of the secured claim and any other entity as
7	the court may direct.
8	(a) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF CLAIM.
9	On request by a party in interest and after notice—to the
10	holder of the claim and any other entity the court
11	designates—and a hearing, the court may determine:
12	(1) the amount of a secured claim under
13	§ 506(a) of the Code; or
14	(2) the amount of a claim entitled to priority
15	under § 507 of the Code.
16	(b) REQUEST FOR DETERMINATION; HOW
17	MADE Except as provided in subdivision (c) a request to

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18	determine the amount of a secured claim may be made by
19	motion, in a claim objection, or in a plan filed in a
20	chapter 12 or chapter 13 case. When the request is made in
21	a chapter 12 or chapter 13 plan, the plan shall be served on
22	the holder of the claim and any other entity the court
23	designates in the manner provided for service of a
24	summons and complaint by Rule 7004. A request to
25	determine the amount of a claim entitled to priority may be
26	made only by motion after a claim is filed or in a claim
27	objection.
28	(c) CLAIMS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNITS. A
29	request to determine the amount of a secured claim of a
30	governmental unit may be made only by motion or in a
31	claim objection after the governmental unit files a proof of
32	claim or after the time for filing one under Rule 3002(c)(1)
33	has expired.

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Committee Note

This rule is amended and reorganized.

Subdivision (a) provides, in keeping with the former version of this rule, that a party in interest may seek a determination of the amount of a secured claim. The amended rule provides that the amount of a claim entitled to priority may also be determined by the court.

Subdivision (b) is added to provide that a request to determine the amount of a secured claim may be made in a chapter 12 or chapter 13 plan, as well as by a motion or a claim objection. When the request is made in a plan, the plan must be served on the holder of the claim and any other entities the court designates according to Rule 7004. Secured claims of governmental units are not included in this subdivision and are governed by subdivision (c). The amount of a claim entitled to priority may be determined through a motion or a claim objection.

Subdivision (c) clarifies that a determination under this rule with respect to a secured claim of a governmental unit may be made only by motion or in a claim objection, but not until the governmental unit has filed a proof of claim or its time for filing a proof of claim has expired.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

None.

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1 2 3 4 5	Rule 3015. Filing, Objection to Confirmation, Effect of Confirmation, and Modification of a Plan in a Chapter 12 Family Farmer's Debt Adjustment or a Chapter 13 Individual's Debt Adjustment Case
6	(a) <u>FILING A CHAPTER 12 PLAN</u> . The debtor
7	may file a chapter 12 plan with the petition. If a plan is not
8	filed with the petition, it shall be filed within the time
9	prescribed by § 1221 of the Code.
10	(b) <u>FILING A CHAPTER 13 PLAN</u> . The debtor
11	may file a chapter 13 plan with the petition. If a plan is not
12	filed with the petition, it shall be filed within 14 days
13	thereafter, and such time may not be further extended
14	except for cause shown and on notice as the court may
15	direct. If a case is converted to chapter 13, a plan shall be
16	filed within 14 days thereafter, and such time may not be
17	further extended except for cause shown and on notice as
18	the court may direct.

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19	(c) DATING. Every proposed plan and any
20	modification thereof shall be dated. FORM OF CHAPTER
21	13 PLAN. If there is an Official Form for a plan filed in a
22	chapter 13 case, that form must be used unless a Loca
23	Form has been adopted in compliance with Rule 3015.1
24	With either the Official Form or a Local Form, a
25	nonstandard provision is effective only if it is included in a
26	section of the form designated for nonstandard provisions
27	and is also identified in accordance with any other
28	requirements of the form. As used in this rule and the
29	Official Form or a Local Form, "nonstandard provision"
30	means a provision not otherwise included in the Official or
31	Local Form or deviating from it.
32	(d) NOTICE-AND COPIES. If the plan The plan or
33	a summary of the plan shall be is not included with the each
34	notice of the hearing on confirmation mailed under
35	nursuant to Rule 2002 the debtor shall serve the plan on

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the trustee and all creditors when it is filed with the co
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- 37 If required by the court, the debtor shall furnish a sufficient
- 38 number of copies to enable the clerk to include a copy of
- 39 the plan with the notice of the hearing.
- 40 (e) TRANSMISSION TO UNITED STATES
- 41 TRUSTEE. The clerk shall forthwith transmit to the
- 42 United States trustee a copy of the plan and any
- 43 modification thereof filed under pursuant to subdivision (a)
- 44 or (b) of this rule.
- 45 (f) OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION;
- 46 DETERMINATION OF GOOD FAITH IN THE
- 47 ABSENCE OF AN OBJECTION. An objection to
- 48 confirmation of a plan shall be filed and served on the
- 49 debtor, the trustee, and any other entity designated by the
- 50 court, and shall be transmitted to the United States trustee,
- 51 before confirmation of the plan at least seven days before
- 52 the date set for the hearing on confirmation, unless the

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53	court orders otherwise. An objection to confirmation is
54	governed by Rule 9014. If no objection is timely filed, the
55	court may determine that the plan has been proposed in
56	good faith and not by any means forbidden by law without
57	receiving evidence on such issues.
58	(g) EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION. Upon the
59	confirmation of a chapter 12 or chapter 13 plan:
60	(1) any determination in the plan made under
61	Rule 3012 about the amount of a secured claim is
62	binding on the holder of the claim, even if the holder
63	files a contrary proof of claim or the debtor schedules
64	that claim, and regardless of whether an objection to
65	the claim has been filed; and
66	(2) any request in the plan to terminate the stay
67	imposed by § 362(a), § 1201(a), or § 1301(a) is
68	granted.

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69	(g)(h) MODIFICATION OF PLAN AFTER
70	CONFIRMATION. A request to modify a plan pursuant to
71	under § 1229 or § 1329 of the Code shall identify the
72	proponent and shall be filed together with the proposed
73	modification. The clerk, or some other person as the court
74	may direct, shall give the debtor, the trustee, and all
75	creditors not less than 21 days' notice by mail of the time
76	fixed for filing objections and, if an objection is filed, the
77	hearing to consider the proposed modification, unless the
78	court orders otherwise with respect to creditors who are not
79	affected by the proposed modification. A copy of the
30	notice shall be transmitted to the United States trustee. A
31	copy of the proposed modification, or a summary thereof,
32	shall be included with the notice.—If required by the court,
33	the proponent shall furnish a sufficient number of copies of
34	the proposed modification, or a summary thereof, to enable
35	the clerk to include a copy with each notice. Any objection

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- 86 to the proposed modification shall be filed and served on
- 87 the debtor, the trustee, and any other entity designated by
- 88 the court, and shall be transmitted to the United States
- 89 trustee. An objection to a proposed modification is
- 90 governed by Rule 9014.

Committee Note

This rule is amended and reorganized.

Subdivision (c) is amended to require use of an Official Form if one is adopted for chapter 13 plans unless a Local Form has been adopted consistent with Rule 3015.1. Subdivision (c) also provides that nonstandard provisions in a chapter 13 plan must be set out in the section of the Official or Local Form specifically designated for such provisions and must be identified in the manner required by the Official or Local Form.

Subdivision (d) is amended to ensure that the trustee and creditors are served with the plan before confirmation. Service may be made either at the time the plan is filed or with the notice under Rule 2002 of the hearing to consider confirmation of the plan.

Subdivision (f) is amended to require service of an objection to confirmation at least seven days before the hearing to consider confirmation of a plan, unless the court orders otherwise.

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Subdivision (g) is amended to set out two effects of confirmation. Subdivision (g)(1) provides that the amount of a secured claim under § 506(a) may be determined through a chapter 12 or chapter 13 plan in accordance with Rule 3012. That determination, unlike the amount of any current installment payments or arrearages, controls over a contrary proof of claim, without the need for a claim objection under Rule 3007, and over the schedule submitted by the debtor under § 521(a). The amount of a secured claim of a governmental unit, however, may not be determined through a chapter 12 or chapter 13 plan under Rule 3012. Subdivision (g)(2) provides for termination of the automatic stay under §§ 362, 1201, and 1301 as requested in the plan.

Subdivision (h) was formerly subdivision (g). It is redesignated and is amended to reflect that often the party proposing a plan modification is responsible for serving the proposed modification on other parties. The option to serve a summary of the proposed modification has been retained. Unless required by another rule, service under this subdivision does not need to be made in the manner provided for service of a summons and complaint by Rule 7004.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

The phrase "unlike the amount of any current installment payments or arrearages" was added to the paragraph of the Committee Note that discusses Rule 3015(g).

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1	Rule 3015.1. Requirements for a Local Form for Plans
2	Filed in a Chapter 13 Case
3	Notwithstanding Rule 9029(a)(1), a district may
4	require that a Local Form for a plan filed in a chapter 13
5	case be used instead of an Official Form adopted for that
6	purpose if the following conditions are satisfied:
7	(a) a single Local Form is adopted for the district
8	after public notice and an opportunity for public comment;
9	(b) each paragraph is numbered and labeled in
10	boldface type with a heading stating the general subject
11	matter of the paragraph;
12	(c) the Local Form includes an initial paragraph for
13	the debtor to indicate that the plan does or does not:
14	(1) contain any nonstandard provision;
15	(2) limit the amount of a secured claim based
16	on a valuation of the collateral for the claim; or
17	(3) avoid a security interest or lien;

FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE 25 18 (d) the Local Form contains separate paragraphs 19 for: 20 (1) curing any default and maintaining 21 payments on a claim secured by the debtor's principal 22 residence; 23 (2) paying a domestic-support obligation; 24 (3) paying a claim described in the final 25 paragraph of § 1325(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; and 26 (4) surrendering property that secures a claim 27 with a request that the stay under §§ 362(a) and 28 1301(a) be terminated as to the surrendered collateral; 29 and 30 (e) the Local Form contains a final paragraph for: 31 (1) the placement of nonstandard provisions, as 32 defined in Rule 3015(c), along with a statement that 33 any nonstandard provision placed elsewhere in the

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plan is void; and

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35	(2) certification by the debtor's attorney or by
36	an unrepresented debtor that the plan contains no
37	nonstandard provision other than those set out in the
38	final paragraph.

Committee Note

This rule is new. It sets out features required for all Local Forms for plans in chapter 13 cases. If a Local Form does not comply with this rule, it may not be used in lieu of the Official Chapter 13 Plan Form. See Rule 3015(c).

Under the rule only one Local Form may be adopted in a district. The rule does not specify the method of adoption, but it does require that adoption of a Local Form be preceded by a public notice and comment period.

To promote consistency among Local Forms and clarity of content of chapter 13 plans, the rule prescribes several formatting and disclosure requirements. Paragraphs in such a form must be numbered and labeled in bold type, and the form must contain separate paragraphs for the cure and maintenance of home mortgages, payment of domestic support obligations, treatment of secured claims covered by the "hanging paragraph" of § 1325(a), and surrender of property securing a claim. Whether those portions of the Local Form are used in a given chapter 13 case will depend on the debtor's individual circumstances.

The rule requires that a Local Form begin with a paragraph for the debtor to call attention to the fact that the

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plan contains a nonstandard provision; limits the amount of a secured claim based on a valuation of the collateral, as authorized by Rule 3012(b); or avoids a lien, as authorized by Rule 4003(d).

The last paragraph of a Local Form must be for the inclusion of any nonstandard provisions, as defined by Rule 3015(c), and must include a statement that nonstandard provisions placed elsewhere in the plan are void. This part gives the debtor the opportunity to propose provisions that are not otherwise in, or that deviate from, the Local Form. The form must also require a certification by the debtor's attorney or unrepresented debtor that there are no nonstandard provisions other than those placed in the final paragraph.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

- References to Bankruptcy Code §§ 362(a) and 1301(a) were added to subsection (d)(4).
- References to Rules 3012(b) and 4003(d) were added to what is now the penultimate paragraph of the Committee Note.
- The last paragraph of the Committee Note was subdivided and the sentence "This part gives the debtor the opportunity to propose provisions that are not otherwise in, or that deviate from, the Local Form." was added to what is now the final paragraph.

28 FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

1	Rule 4003.	Exem	ptions
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2	* * *	* *	ċ

- 3 (d) AVOIDANCE BY DEBTOR OF TRANSFERS
- 4 OF EXEMPT PROPERTY. A proceeding under § 522(f)
- 5 by the debtor to avoid a lien or other transfer of property
- 6 exempt under §-522(f) of the Code shall be commenced by
- 7 motion in the manner provided by in accordance with
- 8 Rule 9014, or by serving a chapter 12 or chapter 13 plan on
- 9 the affected creditors in the manner provided by Rule 7004
- 10 for service of a summons and complaint. Notwithstanding
- 11 the provisions of subdivision (b), a creditor may object to a
- 12 motion filed request under § 522(f) by challenging the
- 13 validity of the exemption asserted to be impaired by the
- 14 lien.

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Committee Note

Subdivision (d) is amended to provide that a request under § 522(f) to avoid a lien or other transfer of exempt property may be made by motion or by a chapter 12 or chapter 13 plan. A plan that proposes lien avoidance in accordance with this rule must be served as provided under Rule 7004 for service of a summons and complaint. Lien avoidance not governed by this rule requires an adversary proceeding.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

None.

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2	Rule 5009. Closing Chapter 7—Liquidation, Chapter 12Family Farmer's Debt Adjustment.
2	Chapter 13-Individual's Debt Adjustment,
4	and Chapter 15 Ancillary and Cross-
5	Border Cases; Order Declaring Lien
6	<u>Satisfied</u>
7	(a) <u>CLOSING OF</u> CASES UNDER CHAPTERS 7,
8	12, AND 13. If in a chapter 7, chapter 12, or chapter 13
9	case the trustee has filed a final report and final account
10	and has certified that the estate has been fully administered,
11	and if within 30 days no objection has been filed by the
12	United States trustee or a party in interest, there shall be a
13	presumption that the estate has been fully administered.
14	* * * *
15	(d) ORDER DECLARING LIEN SATISFIED. In a
16	chapter 12 or chapter 13 case, if a claim that was secured
17	by property of the estate is subject to a lien under
18	applicable nonbankruptcy law, the debtor may request entry
19	of an order declaring that the secured claim has been

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- 20 satisfied and the lien has been released under the terms of a
- 21 confirmed plan. The request shall be made by motion and
- 22 shall be served on the holder of the claim and any other
- 23 entity the court designates in the manner provided by
- 24 Rule 7004 for service of a summons and complaint.

Committee Note

Subdivision (d) is added to provide a procedure by which a debtor in a chapter 12 or chapter 13 case may request an order declaring a secured claim satisfied and a lien released under the terms of a confirmed plan. A debtor may need documentation for title purposes of the elimination of a second mortgage or other lien that was secured by property of the estate. Although requests for such orders are likely to be made at the time the case is being closed, the rule does not prohibit a request at another time if the lien has been released and any other requirements for entry of the order have been met.

Other changes to this rule are stylistic.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

None.

32 FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

- 2 An adversary proceeding is governed by the rules of
- 3 this Part VII. The following are adversary proceedings:

4 ****

- 5 (2) a proceeding to determine the validity,
- 6 priority, or extent of a lien or other interest in
- 7 property, other than but not a proceeding under
- 8 Rule 3012 or Rule 4003(d);

9

Committee Note

Subdivision (2) is amended to provide that the determination of the amount of a secured claim under Rule 3012, like a proceeding by the debtor to avoid a lien on or other transfer of exempt property under Rule 4003(d), does not require an adversary proceeding. The determination of the amount of a secured claim may be sought by motion or through a chapter 12 or chapter 13 plan in accordance with Rule 3012. An adversary proceeding continues to be required for lien avoidance not governed by Rule 4003(d).

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Changes Made After Publication and Comment

- The first sentence of the Committee Note was revised to describe more accurately a proceeding under Rule 4003(d).
- The example in the Committee Note of a proceeding to determine the amount of a secured claim was deleted.
- The phrase "by motion or" was added to the second sentence of the Committee Note.

34 FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

1	Rule 9009. Forms
2	(a) OFFICIAL FORMS. Except as otherwise
3	provided in Rule 3016(d), the The Official Forms
4	prescribed by the Judicial Conference of the United States
5	shall be observed and used with alterations as may be
6	appropriate without alteration, except as otherwise
7	provided in these rules, in a particular Official Form, or in
8	the national instructions for a particular Official Form.
9	Forms may be combined and their contents rearranged to
10	permit economies in their use. Official Forms may be
11	modified to permit minor changes not affecting wording or
12	the order of presenting information, including changes that:
13	(1) expand the prescribed areas for responses in
14	order to permit complete responses;
15	(2) delete space not needed for responses; or
16	(3) delete items requiring detail in a question or
17	category if the filer indicates—either by checking

FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

- 18 "no" or "none" or by stating in words—that there is
- nothing to report on that question or category.
- 20 (b) DIRECTOR'S FORMS. The Director of the
- 21 Administrative Office of the United States Courts may
- 22 issue additional forms for use under the Code.
- 23 (c) CONSTRUCTION. The forms shall be
- 24 construed to be consistent with these rules and the Code.

Committee Note

This rule is amended and reorganized into separate subdivisions.

Subdivision (a) addresses permissible modifications to Official Forms. It requires that an Official Form be used without alteration, except when another rule, the Official Form itself, or the national instructions applicable to an Official Form permit alteration. The former language generally permitting alterations has been deleted, but the rule preserves the ability to make minor modifications to an Official Form that do not affect the wording or the order in which information is presented on a form. Permissible changes include those that merely expand or delete the space for responses as appropriate or delete inapplicable items so long as the filer indicates that no response is intended. For example, when more space will be necessary to completely answer a question on an Official Form

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without an attachment, the answer space may be expanded. Similarly, varying the width or orientation of columnar data on a form for clarity of presentation would be a permissible minor change. On the other hand, many Official Forms indicate on their face that certain changes are not appropriate. Any changes that contravene the directions on an Official Form would be prohibited by this rule.

The creation of subdivision (b) and subdivision (c) is stylistic.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

None.

Fill in this info	rmation to identify your cas		
Debtor 1			
F	rist Name Middle Name Last Name	_	
Debtor 2			f this is an amended ad list below the
(Spouse, if filing) F	rst Namo Middle Name Last Name	section	of the plan that have
United States Ba	nkruptcy Court for the: District of	been ch	langeo.
O	(State)		
Case number _ (If known)			
Official F	Form 113		
Chapte	er 13 Plan		12/17
Part 1: N	otices		
To Debtors:	This form sets out options that may be appropriate in some cases, but the presence of an		
	indicate that the option is appropriate in your circumstances or that it is permissible in you do not comply with local rules and judicial rulings may not be confirmable.	ır judicial district	. Plans that
	In the following notice to creditors, you must check each box that applies.		
To Creditors:	Your rights may be affected by this plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminat		
	You should read this plan carefully and discuss it with your attorney if you have one in this bankru have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.	iptcy case. If you o	o not
	If you oppose the plan's treatment of your claim or any provision of this plan, you or your attorney		
	confirmation at least 7 days before the date set for the hearing on confirmation, unless otherwise Court. The Bankruptcy Court may confirm this plan without further notice if no objection to confirm	-	nkruptcy
	Bankruptcy Rule 3015. In addition, you may need to file a timely proof of claim in order to be paid	under any plan.	
	The following matters may be of particular importance. Debtors must check one box on each li- includes each of the following Items. If an item is checked as "Not Included" or if both box be ineffective if set out later in the plan.		
1.1 A limi	t on the amount of a secured claim, set out in Section 3.2, which may result in a partial	Included	☐ Not included
	ent or no payment at all to the secured creditor		
1.2 Avoid Section	ance of a judicial lien or nonpossessory, nonpurchase-money security interest, set out in on 3.4	☐ Included	☐ Not included
1.3 Nonst	andard provisions, set out in Part 8	☐ Included	☐ Not included
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Part 2: P	an Payments and Length of Plan		
2.1 Debtor(s)	will make regular payments to the trustee as follows:		
\$	per for months		
	per for months.] Insert additional lines if needed.		
	nan 60 months of payments are specified, additional monthly payments will be made to the extent n	ecessary to make	the
	s to creditors specified in this plan.	oocoodiy to iiidke	LIIG
Official Form 1	3 Chapter 13 Plan		Page 1
		Rules Append	lix B-37

Debi	tor		Case number						
22	Regular navments to the trustee	will be made from	future income in the fr	ollowing manner					
2.2 Regular payments to the trustee will be made from future income in the following manner: Check all that apply.									
	Debtor(s) will make payments	pursuant to a payre	oll deduction order.						
	Debtor(s) will make payments								
	Other (specify method of payn	•							
2.3	Income tax refunds.	,							
	Check one.								
	Debtor(s) will retain any incom	e tax refunds recei	ved during the plan term.						
	Debtor(s) will supply the trustee with a copy of each income tax return filed during the plan term within 14 days of filing the return and will turn over to the trustee all income tax refunds received during the plan term.								
	Debtor(s) will treat income tax	refunds as follows:	:						
2.4	Additional payments.								
	Check one.								
	None. If "None" is checked, th	e rest of § 2.4 need	d not be completed or rep	roduced.					
	Debtor(s) will make additional and date of each anticipated p		rustee from other source	s, as specified bel	ow. Describe the s	source, estimated	amount,		
			·						
2.5	The total amount of estimated pa	yments to the tru	stee provided for in §§	2.1 and 2.4 is \$ _					
Par	Treatment of Secured	Claims							
3.1	Maintenance of payments and cu	re of default, if an	ıv.			<u> </u>			
	Check one.		·						
	None. If "None" is checked, the	e rest of § 3.1 need	I not be completed or rep.	roduced.					
	☐ The debtor(s) will maintain the	current contractual	l installment payments on	the secured claim					
	the applicable contract and not directly by the debtor(s), as sp	-				-			
	trustee, with interest, if any, at	•					•		
	filing deadline under Bankrupto								
	arrearage. In the absence of a is ordered as to any item of col		•		-		-		
	paragraph as to that collateral	will cease, and all s	secured claims based on	that collateral will		•			
	column includes only payment	s disbursed by the	trustee rather than by the	debtor(s).					
	Name of creditor	Collateral	Current installment payment (including escrow)	Amount of arrearage (if any)	Interest rate on arrearage (if applicable)	Monthly plan payment on arrearage	Estimated total payments by trustee		
			, ,	••	, ,,				
			S	\$	%	\$	\$		
			Disbursed by: Trustee						
			Debtor(s)						
			\$	\$	%	\$	\$		
			Disbursed by:						
			☐ Trustee						
			Debtor(s)						
	Insert additional claims as nee	ded.							
Offic	ial Forcules Appendix B-38	Chapte	er 13 Plan				Page 2		

Debte	or					Ca	ase number			_				
3.2	Reques	t for valuation of s	security, payment of	fully secured	claims, and	modification of u	ndersecured	claims. Ch	eck one.					
	☐ Non	None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.2 need not be completed or reproduced.												
	The	The remainder of this paragraph will be effective only if the applicable box in Part 1 of this plan is checked.												
	liste <i>clai</i> clai	d below, the debto m. For secured clai m filed in accordan	that the court determing that the value ins of governmental unce with the Bankrupto be paid in full with intertions.	ie of the secur inits, unless ot y Rules contro	ed claim shou herwise order Is over any co	ld be as set out in ed by the court, the ontrary amount liste	the column he e value of a se	aded Amor ecured clain	<i>unt of secured</i> n listed in a pro	oof of				
	the secured claim will be paid in full with interest at the rate stated below. The portion of any allowed claim that exceeds the amount of the secured claim will be treate plan. If the amount of a creditor's secured claim is listed below as having no value, the credi as an unsecured claim under Part 5 of this plan. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the proof of claim controls over any contrary amounts listed in this paragraph.							claim will b	e treated in its	entirety				
			n listed below as havir estate(s) until the earl	-	column head	led <i>Amount of</i> secu	<i>ıred claim</i> will	retain the li	en on the prop	perty interest				
	(a)	payment of the ur	nderlying debt determi	mined under nonbankruptcy law, or										
	(b)	discharge of the L	ınderlying debt under	11 U.S.C. § 13	328, at which	time the lien will te	minate and b	e released	by the creditor					
	Nar	ne of creditor	Estimated amount of creditor's total claim	Collateral	Value of collateral	Amount of claims senior to creditor's claim	Amount of secured clair		Monthly payment to creditor	Estimated total of monthly payments				
			\$		\$	\$	\$	%	\$	\$				
			·		-	·	-		-	·				
			\$		\$	\$	\$	%	\$	\$				
	(1) (2) Thes	personal use of the incurred within 1 ye se claims will be pai tly by the debtor(s) deadline under Ba	days before the petiti	and secured In with interest Unless otherw	by a purchase at the rate sta ise ordered b any contrary	e money security in ted below. These y the court, the cla amount listed belo	terest in any o payments will im amount sta w. In the abso	other thing of the disburse ted on a pro ence of a co	of value. Index either by the coof of claim file ontrary timely t	e trustee or ed before the iled proof of				
	Nai	me of creditor		Collateral		Amount of claim		Monthly pla		ted total nts by trustee				
	=					\$	%	SDisbursed but Trustee Debtor(1					
		_				\$	%	\$	\$ py:					
Offici	<i>Insei</i> ial Form 1	t additional claims		hapter 13 Plar	n			Rules A _l	opendix B-3	39 Page 3				

None. If Yone' is checked, the rest of § 3.4 need not be completed or reproduced.	ien avoidance.			
Name. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.4 need not be completed or reproduced. The remainder of this palarysaph will be effective only if the applicable box in Part 1 of this plan is checked. The judicial liens or nonpossessory, nonpurchase money security interests securing the claims listed below impair exemptions to which it debtor(s) would have been entitled under 11 U.S.C. § 522(b). Unless otherwise ordered by the court, a judicial lien or security interest search and interest such exemptions upon entry of the order confirming the plan. The amount of the judicial lien or security interest that is a valided will be pair and in Part 5 to the extent allowed. The amount, if any, of the judicial lien or security interest that is not avoided will be pair in this as secured claim under the plan. Sea 11 U.S. § 522(f) and Bankruptay Rule 4003(d). If more than one lien is to be avoided, provide the information separately for each lien. Information regarding judicial lien or security interest that in ord avoided will be paid in full as a secured claim under the plan. Sea 11 U.S. § 522(f) and Bankruptay Rule 4003(d). If more than one lien is to be avoided, provide the information separately for each lien. Collateral Collateral Collateral Collateral Collateral Treatment of remaining secured claim after avoidance (line a minus line f). S. Under claim of all other liens c. Value of debtor(a) interest in property a. Amount of all other liens c. Value of debtor(a) interest in property Interest rate (if applicable) Treatment of remaining secured claim secured claim secured claim S. Interest rate (if applicable) The debtor(a) feet in secured to a secured to a secured claim secured to content to secure debtor(a) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S. C. § 28(a) be the minated as to th				
The remainder of this paragraph will be effective only if the applicable box in Part 1 of this plan is checked. The judicial liens or nonpossesory, nonpurchase money security interest state deloting lied below impair exemptions to which it debtor(s) would have been entitled under 11 U.S.C. § 522(b). Unless otherwise ordered by the court, a judicial lien or security interest securing a dain listed below will be avoided to the extent that it impairs such exemptions upon entry of the order confirming the plan. The amount of the judicial lien or security interest state is not avoided will be paid in full as a secured claim under the plan. See 11 U.S. § 522(h) unless that is not avoided will be paid in full as a secured claim under the plan. See 11 U.S. § 522(h) and sample plan in the plan i	_	of § 3.4 need not be completed or rep	roduced.	
debtor(s) would have been entitled under 11 U.S.C. § 32(D). Unless otherwise ordered by the court, a judicial lien or security interest that is avoided will be treated as an unsecured claim in Part 5 to the extent that if impairs such exemptions upon entry of the order confirming the plan. The amount of the judicial isen or security interest that is avoided will be been dead as an unsecured claim in Part 5 to the extent allowed. The amount if any, of the judicial lien or security interest that is not avoided will be paid in full as a secured claim under the plan. See 11 U.S. § 522(f) and Bankruptcy Rule 4003(d). If more than one lien is to be avoided, provide the information separately for each lien. Information regarding judicial lien or security interest Name of creditor Collateral Calculation of lien avoidance Information regarding judicial lien or security interest as a constitution of lien avoidance Information regarding judicial lien or security interest as a constitution of lien avoidance Information regarding judicial lien or security interest as a constitution of lien avoidance Information regarding judicial lien or security interest as a constitution of lien avoidance Information regarding judicial lien or security interest as a constitution of lien avoidance Information regarding judicial lien or security interest as a constitution of lien avoidance Information regarding judicial lien or security interest as a constitution of lien avoidance Information regarding judicial lien or security interest as a constitution of lien avoidance Interest results as a constitution of lien avoidance Interest rate (if applicable) Interest rate (if applicable) Interest rate (if applicable lien avoidance lien avoidance lien avoidance (lien a minus lien f) Interest rate (if applicable lien avoidance lien avoidan				checked.
Secured claim Secured clai	debtor(s) would have been entitled securing a claim listed below will be amount of the judicial lien or securit amount, if any, of the judicial lien or	under 11 U.S.C. § 522(b). Unless other avoided to the extent that it impairs su y interest that is avoided will be treated security interest that is not avoided wil	rwise ordered by the court, a uch exemptions upon entry of I as an unsecured claim in Pr I be paid in full as a secured	judicial lien or security interest the order confirming the plan. The art 5 to the extent allowed. The claim under the plan. See 11 U.S.C.
Description		Calculation of lien avoidance		
Collateral C. Value of claimed exemptions C. Value of claimed exemptions C. Value of claimed exemptions D. Amount of all other liens C. Value of claimed exemptions D. Amount of all other liens C. Value of claimed exemptions D. Amount of all other liens C. Value of claimed exemptions D. Amount of all other liens D. Amount his payments on secured claim D. Amount of all other liens D	Name of creditor	a. Amount of lien	\$	avoldance (line a minus line f)
Lien identification (such as judgment date, date of lien recording, book and page number) f. Subtract line e from line d. Extent of exemption impairment (Check applicable box): Line f is equal to or greater than line a. The entire lien is avoided. (Do not complete the next column.) Line f is less than line a. A portion of the lien is avoided. (Complete the next column.) Insert additional claims as needed. Irrender of collateral. Leck one. None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.5 need not be completed or reproduced. The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral		b. Amount of all other liens	\$	φ
Lien identification (such as judgment date, date of lien recording, book and page number) f. Subtract line e from line d. Extent of exemption impairment (Check applicable box): Line f is equal to or greater than line a. The entire lien is avoided. (Do not complete the next column.) Line f is less than line a. A portion of the lien is avoided. (Complete the next column.) Insert additional claims as needed. Interest of \$ 3.5 need not be completed or reproduced. The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral	Collateral	c. Value of claimed exemptions	+ \$	Interest rate (if applicable)
Lien identification (such as judgment date, date of lien recording, book and page number) f. Subtract line e from line d. Extent of exemption impairment (Check applicable box): Line f is equal to or greater than line a. The entire lien is avoided. (Do not complete the next column.) Line f is less than line a. A portion of the lien is avoided. (Complete the next column.) Insert additional claims as needed. Insert additional claims as needed. Insert additional claims as needed. In the debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under \$1.301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral	(d. Total of adding lines a, b, and c	\$	%
Extent of exemption impairment (Check applicable box): Line f is equal to or greater than line a. The entire lien is avoided. (Do not complete the next column.) Line f is less than line a. A portion of the lien is avoided. (Complete the next column.) Insert additional claims as needed. Insert additional claims as needed. Insert additional claims as needed. In the debtor of collateral. The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under \$ 1301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral	judgment date, date of lien		- \$	claim
(Check applicable box): Line f is equal to or greater than line a. The entire lien is avoided. (Do not complete the next column.) Line f is less than line a. A portion of the lien is avoided. (Complete the next column.) Insert additional claims as needed. Unrender of collateral. The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral		f. Subtract line e from line d.	\$	
□ Line f is equal to or greater than line a. The entire lien is avoided. (Do not complete the next column.) □ Line f is less than line a. A portion of the lien is avoided. (Complete the next column.) Insert additional claims as needed.				
The entire lien is avoided. (Do not complete the next column.) Line f Is less than line a. A portion of the lien is avoided. (Complete the next column.) Insert additional claims as needed. Insert additional claims. Insert additional claims. Insert additional claim			n line a	
□ Line f Is less than line a. A portion of the lien is avoided. (Complete the next column.) Insert additional claims as needed. Trender of collateral. eck one. None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.5 need not be completed or reproduced. □ The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral only and that the stay under § 1301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral		-		
Insert additional claims as needed. Insert additional claims. Insert additional cl			t complete the next column.)	
Insert additional claims as needed. rrender of collateral. eck one. None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.5 need not be completed or reproduced. The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral only and that the stay under § 1301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral		Line f Is less than line a.		
Interest one. None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.5 need not be completed or reproduced. The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral only and that the stay under § 1301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral		A portion of the lien is avoided. (C	Complete the next column.)	
None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.5 need not be completed or reproduced. The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral only and that the stay under § 1301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral	Insert additional claims as needed.			
None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.5 need not be completed or reproduced. The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral only and that the stay under § 1301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral	urrender of collateral.			
The debtor(s) elect to surrender to each creditor listed below the collateral that secures the creditor's claim. The debtor(s) request that upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral only and that the stay under § 1301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral	eck one.			
upon confirmation of this plan the stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be terminated as to the collateral only and that the stay under § 1301 be terminated in all respects. Any allowed unsecured claim resulting from the disposition of the collateral will be treated in Part 5 below. Name of creditor Collateral	None. If "None" is checked, the rest	of § 3.5 need not be completed or repr	roduced.	
	upon confirmation of this plan the st	ay under 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be termina	ated as to the collateral only	and that the stay under § 1301
Insert additional claims as needed.	Name of creditor		Collateral	
Insert additional claims as needed.		·		
	Insert additional claims as needed.			

Deb	tor		Case number
Pa	rt 4: Treatment of F	Fees and Priority Claims	
4.1	General		
	Trustee's fees and all allow postpetition interest.	wed priority claims, including domestic support obligations of	ther than those treated in § 4.5, will be paid in full without
4.2	Trustee's fees		
	-	ed by statute and may change during the course of the case are estimated to total \$	but are estimated to be% of plan payments; and
4.3	Attorney's fees		
	The balance of the fees or	wed to the attorney for the debtor(s) is estimated to be \$	
4.4	Priority claims other tha	n attorney's fees and those treated in § 4.5.	
	Check one.		
		hecked, the rest of § 4.4 need not be completed or reproduc-	
	☐ The debtor(s) estima	ate the total amount of other priority claims to be	
4.5	Domestic support obliga	ations assigned or owed to a governmental unit and paid	d less than full amount.
	Check one.	h-strad the area of C 4 5 d 4 b	
		hecked, the rest of § 4.5 need not be completed or reproduce	
	governmental unit a	claims listed below are based on a domestic support obligat and will be paid less than the full amount of the claim under 1 ants in § 2.1 be for a term of 60 months; see 11 U.S.C. § 132	1 U.S.C. § 1322(a)(4). This plan provision
	Name of creditor		Amount of claim to be paid
			Ψ
			<u> </u>
	Insert additional clair	ms as needed.	
Par	1 5: Treatment of N	ionpriority Unsecured Claims	
5.1	Nonpriority unsecured c	laims not separately classified.	
		ured claims that are not separately classified will be paid, pro nent will be effective. Check all that apply.	o rata. If more than one option is checked, the option
	The sum of \$.	
	% of the t	total amount of these claims, an estimated payment of \$	
	The funds remaining	ng after disbursements have been made to all other creditors	provided for in this plan.
		lebtor(s) were liquidated under chapter 7, nonpriority unsecu- ptions checked above, payments on allowed nonpriority unse	
Offic	ial Form 113	Chapter 13 Plan	Rules Appendix B-41 Page 5

		Case n	umber		
2 Maintenance of payments and cure of any d	efault on nonpriority unsecure	d claims. Check or	76.		
■ None. If "None" is checked, the rest of §	i.2 need not be completed or rep	produced.			
☐ The debtor(s) will maintain the contractua on which the last payment is due after the debtor(s), as specified below. The claim f The final column includes only payments	final plan payment. These payment the arrearage amount will be	nents will be disburs paid in full as specifi	sed either by led below an	the trustee or	directly by the
Name of creditor		ent installment nent	Amount o to be paid	f arrearage	Estimated total payments by trustee
	\$_		\$		\$
		bursed by: Trustee Debtor(s)			
	\$		\$		\$
	Dis	bursed by: Trustee Debtor(s)			
Insert additional claims as needed.					
3 Other separately classified nonpriority unse	cured claims. Check one.				
■ None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 5.3	need not be completed or repro	duced.			
_	·				
☐ The nonpriority unsecured allowed claims list	ted below are separately classif	ied and will be treate	ed as follows	1	
☐ The nonpriority unsecured allowed claims list	ted below are separately classif	ed and will be treate	ed as follows	;	
☐ The nonpriority unsecured allowed claims lise	Basis for separate classific and treatment		to be pald	Interest rate	
	Basis for separate classific	cation Amount	to be pald	Interest rate) amount of
	Basis for separate classific	eation Amount on the cl	to be pald alm	Interest rate (if applicable	amount of payments
Name of creditor	Basis for separate classific	eation Amount on the cl	to be pald	Interest rate (if applicable) amount of
	Basis for separate classific	eation Amount on the cl	to be pald alm	Interest rate (if applicable	amount of payments
Name of creditor	Basis for separate classific	eation Amount on the cl	to be pald alm	Interest rate (if applicable	amount of payments
Name of creditor	Basis for separate classific and treatment	eation Amount on the cl	to be pald alm	Interest rate (if applicable	amount of payments
Insert additional claims as needed. Let 6: Executory Contracts and Unexpired.	Basis for separate classific and treatment	sation Amount on the cl	to be pald alm	Interest rate (if applicable) %%	amount of payments \$ \$
Insert additional claims as needed.	Basis for separate classific and treatment red Leases is listed below are assumed a	sation Amount on the cl	to be pald alm	Interest rate (if applicable) %%	amount of payments \$ \$
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btor			Case nun	nber	
Name of creditor	Description of leased property or executory contract	Current installment payment	Amount of arrearage to be paid	Treatment of arrearage (Refer to other plan section if applicable)	Estimated total payments by trustee
	-	\$ Disbursed by: □ Trustee	\$	=======================================	\$
		☐ Debtor(s)			
=	_	\$ Disbursed by: ☐ Trustee	\$		\$
Insert additional contra	acts or leases as needed.	□ Debtor(s)			
ort 7: Vesting of Prop	perty of the Estate				
Property of the estate wil	Il vest in the debtor(s) upon				
Check the applicable box:					
plan confirmation.					
entry of discharge.					
other:					
nrt 8: Nonstandard Pl	lan Provisions				
Check "None" or List No	nstandard Plan Provisions				
☐ None. If "None" is ched	cked, the rest of Part 8 need not be	completed or reproduce	ed.		
), nonstandard provisions must be s it. Nonstandard provisions set out e			is a provision not otherwis	e included in the
e following plan provisions	s will be effective only if there is a	a check in the box "Inc	cluded" in § 1.3.		
				-	
	<u> </u>				
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sign below; otherwise the Debtor(s) signatures are optional. The attorney for the Debtor(s), if
*
Signature of Debtor 2
Executed on
Date
ıst

By filling this document, the Debtor(s), if not represented by an attorney, or the Attorney for Debtor(s) also certify(les) that the wording and order of the provisions in this Chapter 13 plan are Identical to those contained in Official Form 113, other than any nonstandard provisions included in Part 8.

Official Formules Appendix B-44

Chapter 13 Plan

Page 8

Exhibit: Total Amount of Estimated Trustee Payments

	out below and the actual plan terms, the plan terms control.		
a.	Maintenance and cure payments on secured claims (Part 3, Section 3.1 total)		\$
b.	Modified secured claims (Part 3, Section 3.2 total)		\$
C.	Secured claims excluded from 11 U.S.C. § 506 (Part 3, Section 3.3 total)		\$
d.	Judicial liens or security interests partially avoided (Part 3, Section 3.4 total)		\$
e.	Fees and priority claims (Part 4 total)		\$
f.	Nonpriority unsecured claims (Part 5, Section 5.1, highest stated amount)		\$
g.	Maintenance and cure payments on unsecured claims (Part 5, Section 5.2 total)		\$
h.	Separately classified unsecured claims (Part 5, Section 5.3 total)		\$
i.	Trustee payments on executory contracts and unexpired leases (Part 6, Section 6.1 total)		\$
j.	Nonstandard payments (Part 8, total)	+	\$
	Total of lines a through j		\$

The following are the estimated payments that the plan requires the trustee to disburse. If there is any difference between the amounts set

Official Form 113 Chapter 13 Plan – Exhibit Page 1
Rules Appendix B-45

B113 (Official Form 113) (Committee Note) (12/17)

Committee Note

Official Form 113 is new and is the required plan form in all chapter 13 cases, except to the extent that Rule 3015(c) permits the use of a Local Form. Except as permitted by Rule 9009, alterations to the Official Form are not permitted. As the form explains, spaces for responses may be expanded or collapsed as appropriate, and sections that are inapplicable do not need to be reproduced. Portions of the form provide multiple options for provisions of a debtor's plan, but some of those options may not be appropriate in a given debtor's situation or may not be allowed in the court presiding over the case. Debtors are advised to refer to applicable local rulings. Nothing in the Official Form requires confirmation of a plan containing provisions inconsistent with applicable law.

Part 1. This part sets out warnings to both debtors and creditors. For creditors, if the plan includes one or more of the provisions listed in this part, the appropriate boxes must be checked. For example, if Part 8 of the plan proposes a provision not included in, or contrary to, the Official Form, that nonstandard provision will be ineffective if the appropriate check box in Part 1 is not selected.

Part 2. This part states the proposed periodic plan payments, the estimated total plan payments, and sources of funding for the plan. Section 2.1 allows the debtor or debtors to propose periodic payments in other than monthly intervals. For example, if the debtor receives a paycheck every week and wishes to make plan payments from each check, that should be indicated in § 2.1. If the debtor proposes to make payments according to different "steps," the amounts and intervals of those payments should also be indicated in § 2.1. Section 2.2 provides for the manner in which the debtor will make regular payments to the trustee. If the debtor selects the option of making payments pursuant to a payroll deduction order, that selection serves as a request by the debtor for entry of the order. Whether to enter a payroll deduction order is determined by the court. See Code § 1325(c). If the debtor selects the option of making payments other than by direct payments to the trustee or by a payroll deduction order, the alternative method (e.g., a designated third party electronic funds transfer program) must be specified. Section 2.3 provides

B113 (Official Form 113) (Committee Note) (12/17)

for the treatment of any income tax refunds received during the plan term.

Part 3. This part provides for the treatment of secured claims.

The Official Form contains no provision for proposing preconfirmation adequate protection payments to secured creditors, leaving that subject to local rules, orders, forms, custom, and practice. A Director's Form for notice of and order on proposed adequate protection payments has been created and may be used for that purpose.

Section 3.1 provides for the treatment of claims under Code § 1322(b)(5) (maintaining current payments and curing any arrearage). For the claim of a secured creditor listed in § 3.1, an estimated arrearage amount should be given. A contrary arrearage or current installment payment amount listed on the creditor's timely filed proof of claim, unless contested by objection or motion, will control over the amount given in the plan.

In § 3.2, the plan may propose to determine under Code § 506(a) the value of a secured claim. For example, the plan could seek to reduce the secured portion of a creditor's claim to the value of the collateral securing it. For the secured claim of a non-governmental creditor, that determination would be binding upon confirmation of the plan. For the secured claim of a governmental unit, however, a contrary valuation listed on the creditor's proof of claim, unless contested by objection or motion, would control over the valuation given in the plan. Bankruptcy Rule 3012. Bankruptcy Rule 3002 contemplates that a debtor, the trustee, or another entity may file a proof of claim if the creditor does not do so in a timely manner. See Bankruptcy Rules 3004 and 3005. Section 3.2 will not be effective unless the appropriate check box in Part 1 is selected.

Section 3.3 deals with secured claims that under the so-called "hanging paragraph" of § 1325(a)(5) may not be bifurcated into secured and unsecured portions under Code § 506(a), but it allows for the proposal of an interest rate other than the contract rate to be applied to payments on such a claim. A contrary claim amount listed on the creditor's timely filed proof of claim, unless contested by

B113 (Official Form 113) (Committee Note) (12/17)

objection or motion, will control over the amount given in the plan. If appropriate, a claim may be treated under § 3.1 instead of § 3.3.

In § 3.4, the plan may propose to avoid certain judicial liens or security interests encumbering exempt property in accordance with Code § 522(f). This section includes space for the calculation of the amount of the judicial lien or security interest that is avoided. A plan proposing avoidance in § 3.4 must be served in the manner provided by Bankruptcy Rule 7004 for service of a summons and complaint. See Bankruptcy Rule 4003. Section 3.4 will not be effective unless the appropriate check box in Part 1 is selected.

Section 3.5 provides for elections to surrender collateral and requests for termination of the stay under § 362(a) and § 1301 with respect to the collateral surrendered. Termination will be effective upon confirmation of the plan.

Part 4. This part provides for the treatment of trustee's fees and claims entitled to priority status. Section 4.1 provides that trustee's fees and all allowed priority claims (other than those domestic support obligations treated in § 4.5) will be paid in full. In § 4.2, the plan lists an estimate of the trustee's fees. Although the estimate may indicate whether the plan will be feasible, it does not affect the trustee's entitlement to fees as determined by statute. In § 4.3, the form requests a statement of the balance of attorney's fees owed. Additional details about payments of attorney's fees, including information about their timing and approval, are left to the requirements of local practice. In § 4.4, the plan calls for an estimated amount of other priority claims. A contrary amount listed on the creditor's proof of claim, unless changed by court order in response to an objection or motion, will control over the amount given in § 4.4. In § 4.5, the plan may propose to pay less than the full amount of a domestic support obligation that has been assigned to, or is owed to, a governmental unit, but not less than the amount that claim would have received in a chapter 7 liquidation. See §§ 1322(a)(4) and 1325(a)(4) of the Code. This plan provision requires that the plan payments be for a term of 60 months. See § 1322(a)(4).

B113 (Official Form 113) (Committee Note) (12/17)

Part 5. This part provides for the treatment of unsecured claims that are not entitled to priority status. In § 5.1, the plan may propose to pay nonpriority unsecured claims in accordance with several options. One or more options may be selected. For example, the plan could propose simply to pay unsecured creditors any funds remaining after disbursements to other creditors, or it could also provide that a defined percentage of the total amount of unsecured claims will be paid. In § 5.2, the plan may propose to cure any arrearages and maintain periodic payments on long-term, nonpriority unsecured debts pursuant to § 1322(b)(5) of the Code. In § 5.3, the plan may provide for the separate classification of nonpriority unsecured claims (such as co-debtor claims) as permitted under Code § 1322(b)(1).

Part 6. This part provides for executory contracts and unexpired leases. An executory contract or unexpired lease is rejected unless it is listed in this part. If the plan proposes neither to assume nor reject an executory contract or unexpired lease, that treatment would have to be set forth as a nonstandard provision in Part 8.

The Official Form contains no provision on the order of distribution of payments under the plan, leaving that to local rules, orders, custom, and practice. If the debtor desires to propose a specific order of distribution, it must be contained in Part 8.

Part 7. This part defines when property of the estate will revest in the debtor or debtors. One choice must be selected—upon plan confirmation, upon entry of discharge the case, or upon some other specified event. This plan provision is subject to a contrary court order under Code § 1327(b).

Part 8. This part gives the debtor or debtors the opportunity to propose provisions that are not otherwise in, or that deviate from, the Official Form. All such nonstandard provisions must be set forth in this part and nowhere else in the plan. This part will not be effective unless the appropriate check box in Part 1 is selected. See Bankruptcy Rule 3015(c).

Part 9. The plan must be signed by the attorney for the debtor or debtors. If the debtor or debtors are not

B113 (Official Form 113) (Committee Note) (12/17)

represented by an attorney, they must sign the plan, but the signature of represented debtors is optional. In addition to the certifications set forth in Rule 9011(b), the signature constitutes a certification that the wording and order of Official Form 113 have not been altered, other than by including any nonstandard provision in Part 8.

Changes Made After Publication and Comment

- Part 1 (Notices). The following language was added to the Notice to Debtors: "Plans that do not comply with local rules and judicial rulings may not be confirmable."
- <u>Part 2</u>. Subpart 2.3 (Income tax refunds) was expanded to include all income taxes, not just federal, and a more open-ended response option was added.
- Part 3. In subpart 3.1 (Maintenance of payments and cure of default, if any), "if any" was inserted after "cure of default" and "amount of arrearage." Language was added to limit postpetition changes in the payment amount to those that are properly noticed pursuant to Rule 3002.1, and the provision now specifies that the trustee will make any arrearage payments. A sentence was added to cover the situation in which a secured creditor does not file a timely proof of claim.
- Changes were made in subpart 3.2 (Request for valuation of security . . .) to clarify that the lien of a secured creditor is released at discharge only as to the debtor's or the estate's interest in the collateral and only if the debt secured by the property is discharged.
- In subpart 3.3 (Secured claims excluded from 11 U.S.C. § 506), a sentence was added to provide that if the secured creditor does not file a timely proof of claim, the plan's statement of the amount of the claim will control.
- Subpart 3.4 (Lien avoidance) was changed to recognize the court's authority to provide an

effective date for a lien avoidance other than the date the confirmation order is entered. A change was also made to clarify that a claim for which a lien is avoided will be treated as an unsecured claim only to the extent that the claim is allowed.

- Subpart 3.5 (Surrender of collateral) was changed from providing for the debtor's consent to termination of the stay to providing that the debtor requests that the stay be terminated upon confirmation.
- Part 4. Subpart 4.1 (General) was changed to clarify that domestic support obligations that have not been assigned will be treated under the general provision for payment in full of the priority amount. "Postpetition" was inserted before "interest."
- In subpart 4.2 (Trustee's fees), language was added to specify that the amount of the trustee's fees is determined by statute and may vary over time.
- In subpart 4.5 (Domestic support obligations assigned or owed to a governmental unit...), a reminder was inserted that § 1322(a)(4) requires that the debtor's disposable income for 60 months be devoted to the plan if the plan provides for less than full payment of assigned domestic support obligations.
- Part 5. Subpart 5.1 (General) and subpart 5.3 were deleted. In the subpart that is now 5.2 (Maintenance of payments and cure of any default on nonpriority unsecured claims), clarifying explanations were added, including a statement that the trustee will make payments on any arrearages being cured.
- Part 6 (Executory contracts and unexpired leases).
 In subpart 6.1, the columns were rearranged to a more logical order, and the heading of the second column was changed to include executory contracts.

- A statement was added that the trustee will disburse arrearage payments.
- Part 7 of the published form (Order of distribution of Trustee Payments) was deleted. Subsequent parts were renumbered.
- New Part 7 (Vesting of Property of the Estate). The option of property vesting in the debtor upon the closing of the case was changed to vesting upon the "entry of discharge."
- New Part 8 (Nonstandard Plan Provisions). A sentence explaining the meaning of "nonstandard provision" was added, along with a statement that nonstandard provisions placed elsewhere in the plan are ineffective.
- New Part 9 (Signatures). A statement was added after the signatures certifying that the plan is identical in wording and order of provisions to Official Form 113, except for any nonstandard provisions placed in Part 8.
- Exhibit: Total Amount of Estimated Trustee
 Payments. The wording of the introductory
 explanation was revised, and a sentence was added
 to clarify that payment amounts specified in the
 plan control over the amounts listed in the Exhibit.
 An entry was added for payments under any Part 8
 nonstandard provisions.
- <u>Committee Note</u>. The Committee Note was revised in accordance with the changes in the plan.
- A number of technical and formatting changes were made.

Excerpt from the December 5, 2016 Report of the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

COMMITTEE ON RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE
OF THE
JUDICIAL CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20544

DAVID G. CAMPBELL

REBECCA A. WOMELDORF SECRETARY **CHAIRS OF ADVISORY COMMITTEES**

NEIL M. GORSUCH APPELLATE RULES

SANDRA SEGAL IKUTA BANKRUPTCY RULES

> JOHN D. BATES CIVIL RULES

DONALD W. MOLLOY CRIMINAL RULES

WILLIAM K. SESSIONS III
EVIDENCE RULES

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Hon. David G. Campbell, Chair

Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure

FROM:

Hon. Sandra Segal Ikuta, Chair

Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

RE:

Report of the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

DATE:

December 5, 2016

I. Introduction

The Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules met in Washington, D.C., on November 14, 2016. The draft minutes of that meeting are attached.

At the meeting the Committee concluded its more than five-year consideration of an Official Form and related rules for chapter 13 plans by giving final approval to the amendment of one rule, the adoption of a new rule, and minor amendments to the proposed new Official Form. This action completed the Committee's approval process that was begun at the fall 2015 meeting, when amendments to eight additional rules and the Official Form were approved, but held in abeyance. The Committee now seeks the Standing Committee's approval of the entire package of chapter 13 plan form and rule amendments.

Excerpt from the December 5, 2016 Report of the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

II. Action Items

A. Items for Final Approval Following Publication

The Committee requests that the Standing Committee approve amendments to Rules 2002, 3002, 3007, 3012, 3015, 4003, 5009, 7001, and 9009; new Rule 3015.1; and new Official Form 113. The Committee recommends that the package of rules and the form be submitted to the Judicial Conference at its March meeting and, if approved, that the rules be sent to the Supreme Court immediately thereafter so that, if promulgated by the Supreme Court by May 1, they may take effect on December 1, 2017. *****

Action Item 1. Chapter 13 plan Official Form and rules package.

The Committee began considering the possibility of creating a chapter 13 plan Official Form at the spring 2011 meeting. At that meeting the Committee discussed Suggestions 10-BK-G and 10-BK-M, which proposed the promulgation of a national plan form. Judge Margaret Mahoney (Bankr. S.D. Ala.), who submitted one of the suggestions, noted that "[c]urrently, every district's plan is very different and it makes it difficult for creditors to know where to look for their treatment from district to district." The States' Association of Bankruptcy Attorneys ("SABA"), which submitted the other suggestion, stressed the impact of the Supreme Court's then-recent decision in United Student Aid Funds, Inc. v. Espinosa, 130 S. Ct. 1367 (2010). Because the Court held that an order confirming a plan is binding on all parties who receive notice, even if some of the plan provisions are inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code or rules, SABA explained that creditors must carefully scrutinize plans prior to confirmation. Moreover, SABA noted, the Court imposed the obligation on bankruptcy judges to ensure that plan provisions comply with the Code, and thus uniformity of plan structure would aid, not only creditors, but also bankruptcy judges in carrying out their responsibilities. Following discussion of the suggestions, the Committee approved the creation of a working group to draft an Official Form for chapter 13 plans and any related rule amendments.

A proposed chapter 13 plan form and proposed amendments to nine related rules were published for public comment in August 2013. Approximately 150 comments were submitted. Because the Committee made significant changes to the form in response to comments, the revised form and rules were published again in August 2014.

At the spring 2015 meeting, the Committee considered the approximately 120 comments that were submitted after republication, many of which—including the joint comments of 144 bankruptcy judges—were strongly opposed to the adoption of a mandatory national form for chapter 13 plans. The Committee discussed a number of options relating to the chapter 13 national form and associated rules. No member favored completely abandoning the project, and no one favored proceeding with the proposed amendments to the nine rules without also proposing a national plan form. Although there was widespread agreement regarding the benefit of having a national plan form, Committee members generally did not want to proceed with a mandatory Official Form in the face of substantial opposition by bankruptcy judges and other bankruptcy constituencies. Accordingly, the Committee was generally inclined to explore the possibility of a compromise along the lines suggested by a group of commenters, led by

Excerpt from the December 5, 2016 Report of the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

Bankruptcy Judges Marvin Isgur and Roger Efremsky ("the compromise group"). After a full discussion, the Committee voted unanimously to give further consideration to pursuing a proposal that would involve promulgating a national plan form and related rules, but that would allow districts to opt out of the use of the Official Form if certain conditions were met.

During the summer of 2015, the Forms Subcommittee, joined by former Committee chair Judge Gene Wedoff and chapter 13 trustee Jon Waage, considered how best to implement an optout proposal and how to respond to the substantive and stylistic comments that were submitted on the plan form and Rules 3002, 3015, and 9009 (the rules most closely associated with the optout proposal). The Consumer Subcommittee considered the comments submitted on Rules 2002, 3007, 3012, 4003, 5009, and 7001.

The Forms Subcommittee shared its proposed revisions of Official Form 113 and Rules 3002 and 3015 with members of the compromise group, some members of the consumer debtor bar, and some chapter 13 trustees. Prior to the fall 2015 meeting, the Committee received correspondence from the president of the National Association of Consumer Bankruptcy Attorneys ("NACBA") and from Representative John Conyers, Jr., the Ranking Member on the House Committee on the Judiciary, and Representative Hank Johnson, Ranking Member on the Subcommittee on Regulatory Reform, Commercial and Antitrust Law. Their primary concern was procedural: they advised the Advisory Committee not to approve a version of the opt-out approach without first publishing it for public comment.

At the fall 2015 meeting, the Committee gave approval to proposed Official Form 113 and related amendments to Rules 2002, 3002, 3007, 3012, 4003, 5009, 7001, and 9009—with some technical changes made in response to comments. The Committee voted to defer submitting those items to the Standing Committee in order to allow the Committee to further consider the opt-out proposal and the necessity, timing, and scope of any republication. It directed the Forms Subcommittee to continue to obtain feedback on the opt-out proposal from a broad range of bankruptcy constituencies and to make a recommendation at the spring 2016 meeting regarding the need for additional publication.

The Subcommittee reached out to all relevant groups and invited them to provide feedback on the opt-out proposal, as set out in proposed Rules 3015 and 3015.1, as well as on whether they perceived a need for further publication. The following groups provided comments to the Subcommittee in response: National Bankruptcy Conference ("NBC"), National Conference of Bankruptcy Judges ("NCBJ"), National Association of Consumer Bankruptcy Attorneys ("NACBA"), the American Bankruptcy Institute's Consumer Committee, a large number of chapter 13 trustees whose comments were collected by the National Association of Chapter 13 Trustees, and an informal mortgage servicer group. While the bulk of the comments received were directed at the plan form itself, rather than at the opt-out proposal, three groups (NBC, NCBJ, and the mortgage servicers) and seven individual trustees did express support for allowing districts to opt out of a national plan form. In addition, Bankruptcy Judge Marvin Isgur (S.D. Tex.) circulated the opt-out proposal to the 144 bankruptcy judges who had submitted a

Members of this group are Bankruptcy Judges Isgur, Efremsky, and Rebecca Connelly; George Stevenson, Rick Yarnell, and David Peake, who are chapter 13 trustees and past or present officers of the National Association of Chapter 13 Trustees; and creditors' attorneys Michael Bates (Wells Fargo Bank), Alane Becket (Becket & Lee, LLP), and Karen Cordry (National Association of Attorneys General).

Excerpt from the December 5, 2016 Report of the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

letter in 2014 opposing a national plan form, and he reported that there was general acceptance of Rules 3015 and 3015.1 among the group.

The response of NACBA to the Subcommittee's outreach was relatively brief. The president of the organization said that he could not speak for the thousands of NACBA members, and he urged the Committee to publish the proposals that were being considered. He asserted that "adoption of the 'compromise' proposal without providing a new comment period would not comply with the law and [would] subject such to litigation and added controversy." NCBJ also advised that the opt-out proposal be published for public comment.

At the spring 2016 meeting, the Committee unanimously approved the Forms Subcommittee's recommendation that the amendments to Rule 3015 and proposed new Rule 3015.1 be published for public comment. The Committee also unanimously agreed that the Committee should seek to publish Rules 3015 and 3015.1 on a truncated schedule. According to § 440.20.40(d) of the Guide to Judiciary Policy, "The Standing Committee may shorten the public comment period or eliminate public hearings if it determines that the administration of justice requires a proposed rule change to be expedited and that appropriate notice to the public can still be provided and public comment obtained." Because of the two prior publications and the narrow focus of the revised rules, the Committee believed that the usual 6-month comment period should be shortened so that an entire year could be eliminated from the period leading up to the effective date of the Committee's proposed rules and form.

The Standing Committee accepted the Committee's recommendation, and Rules 3015 and 3015.1 were published for public comment on July 1, 2016. The comment period ended on October 3. Eighteen written comments were submitted. In addition, five witnesses testified at a Committee hearing conducted telephonically on September 27; they also submitted their written testimony, which was posted along with the written comments.

A majority of the comments were supportive of the proposed rules' implementation of an Official Form for chapter 13 plans with the option for districts to use a single local form instead. Some of those comments suggested specific changes to particular rule provisions, which the Committee considered. The strongest opposition to the opt-out procedure came from NACBA and from three consumer debtor attorneys who testified at the hearing. They favored a mandatory national plan because of their concern that in some districts only certain plan provisions are allowed and plans with any nonstandard provisions are not confirmed. In addition, the bankruptcy judges of the Southern District of Indiana stated that they unanimously opposed Rule 3015(c) and (e) and Rule 3015.1 because they said that mandating the use of a "form chapter 13 plan," whether national or local, exceeds rulemaking authority.

At the fall 2016 meeting, the Committee unanimously accepted the Forms Subcommittee's recommendation that Rules 3015 and 3015.1 be approved with some changes that were responsive to comments submitted and that Official Form 113 (previously approved by the Committee) be amended in some minor respects and reapproved. The Committee concluded that no changes were needed to the published rules in response to comments expressing general opposition to the Committee's approach. The Committee concluded that promulgating a form for chapter 13 plans and related rules that require debtors to format their plans in a certain manner but do not mandate the content of such plans was consistent with the Rules Enabling Act. Further, given the significant opposition expressed to the original proposal of a mandatory

Excerpt from the December 5, 2016 Report of the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

national plan form, the Committee concluded that it was it prudent to give bankruptcy districts the ability to opt out of using it, subject to certain conditions that would still achieve many of the goals the Committee sought in its original proposal. Finally, the Committee concluded it did not have the ability to address concerns that bankruptcy judges in some districts consistently refuse to confirm plans that are permissible under the Bankruptcy Code. Rather, litigants affected by such improper rulings should seek redress through an appeal.
